

B. Pharm. Third Semester (New Course)
Pharmaceutical Engineering : BP 304 T

P. Pages : 3

Time : Three Hours



AV - 2379

Max. Marks : 75

- Notes :
1. Answer **all** questions.
 2. Illustrate your answer necessary with the help of neat sketches.
 3. Use of pen Blue/Black ink/refill only for writing the answer book.

1. (MCQ) Multiple Choice Questions.

20

- i) Fluid Static deals with
 - a) Fluid at rest
 - b) Fluid in motion
 - c) Both a & b
 - d) None
- ii) Reynold's number can be expressed by which of following formula.
 - a) $Re = Dup / n$
 - b) $Re = 2Dup / n$
 - c) $Re = 3Dup / n$
 - d) $Re = Dup / 2n$
- iii) Pitot tube also known as.
 - a) Variable head meter
 - b) Insertion meter
 - c) Area meter
 - d) None
- iv) If mixture of liquid is obtained by the use of stirrer, is known as
 - a) Forced convection
 - b) Natural convection
 - c) Both
 - d) None
- v) If compound exist in more than one crystalline form, is known as
 - a) Polymorphs
 - b) Isomorphs
 - c) Amorphous
 - d) None
- vi) In evaporation process final product or residue will be
 - a) Solid
 - b) Concentrated liquid
 - c) Aqueous liquid
 - d) None
- vii) Evaporation pan is not suitable for heat sensitive material because of
 - a) Long duration of exposure
 - b) Short duration of exposure
 - c) Both
 - d) None
- viii) FMC is expressed as.
 - a) $FMC = \text{Total water content} - EMC.$
 - b) $FMC = \text{Total water content} + EMC.$
 - c) $FMC = \text{Total water content} - EMC/100$
 - d) $FMC = \text{Total water content} + EMC/100$
- ix) Meta filter is also known as
 - a) Cartridge Filter
 - b) Edge Filter
 - c) Both
 - d) None

- x) Centrifugation is mainly used to separate.
- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Two immiscible liquids | b) A solid from liquid |
| c) Both | d) None |
- xi) Triple roller mill work on the principle of
- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| a) Agitation | b) Shearing |
| c) Both | d) None |
- xii) Which of the following mixer is used to mix semisolids.
- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| a) Triple roller mill | b) Colloidal mill |
| c) Sigma mixer | d) All of above |
- xiii) 'Poly disperse' means
- | |
|--|
| a) Consist of different size of particles. |
| b) Consist of same size of particles. |
| c) Both |
| d) None |
- xiv) Dry Corrosion means.
- | |
|--|
| a) Direct attack of dry gases on metals. |
| b) Direct attack of aqueous media on metals. |
| c) Both |
| d) None |
- xv) Rotary drum filter is a.
- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| a) Continuous filter | b) Batch filter |
| c) Both | d) None |
- xvi) The condensed liquid in distillation process is known as
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) Distillate | b) Distilland |
| c) Both | d) None |
- xvii) When drying takes place
- | |
|---------------------------------------|
| a) When environment is unsaturated |
| b) When environment is saturated |
| c) When environment is supersaturated |
| d) None. |
- xviii) Blood plasma can be dried by using
- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| a) Freeze dryer | b) Spray dryer |
| c) Drum dryer | d) None |
- xix) Ideal solutions are also known as
- | | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| a) Real solution | b) Perfect solution |
| c) Both | d) None |
- xx) In crystallization mechanism the initially formed crystal is known as
- | | |
|------------|------------------|
| a) Embryo | b) Nuclei |
| c) Cluster | d) All the above |

2. Long Answer types questions. (Solve **any two**) **20**
- a) Give the types of Manometers. Explain the working, principle and construction of venturi meter with neat sketch.
 - b) Describe the construction, working, advantages and disadvantages of a multipass heater.
 - c) Give the principle of filtration process. Explain construction, working advantages and disadvantages of Rotary drum filter.
3. Short answer type question. (Solve **any seven**) **35**
- a) What is Reynold's experiment and its significance.
 - b) Explain various factor affecting selection of a size reduction mill.
 - c) Give the factor affecting rate of filtration.
 - d) Describe continuous centrifuges. Give their advantages.
 - e) Describe the principle and application of steam distillation.
 - f) Describe construction and working of film. Evaporator of any one type.
 - g) Describe the working of agitated batch crystallizer.
 - h) Explain the function of drum dryer & its uses.
 - i) What is Corrosion? Mention the factor that influence rate of corrosion.
