B.A. Journalism and Mass Communication Semester-I Examination COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH-I Paper-II

Tim	e : Tl	nree	Hours]	[Maximum Marks: 80
Note	e :	-(1)	Attempt ALL questions.	
		(2)	All questions carry equal marks.	
١.	(A)	Con	nplete the sentences using one of the following words:	4
		(1)	Our flat is very small. We haven't got much	. (space/spaces)
		(2)	I had my camera but I didn't take many (photo	ographs/photograph)
		(3)	There are seven in a week. (day/days)	
		(4)	Do you speak any foreign ? (languages/langua	ige)
	(B)	Con	mplete the sentences with correct forms of the verb given in bra	ackets: 6
		(1)	We can go out now. It (not/rain) any more.	
		(2)	The sun (rise) in the east.	
		(3)	It was warm, so I (take) off my coat.	
		(4)	Tom burnt his hand while he (cook) the dinner.	
		(5)	Maria (learn) English for two years.	
		(6)	I'm tired. I (go) to bed now. Good night!	
	(C)	Fill	in the blanks with suitable articles:	6
		(1)	Sun is a star.	
		(2)	We met European girl in the plane.	
		(3)	She did honour to me.	
		(4)	camel is the ship of the desert.	
		(5)	Blessed are poor.	
		(6)	ambulance hit the beggar.	
2.	(A)	Cha	ange the following sentences into the tenses given in brackets:	8
		(1)	Vijay Tendulkar has written many plays. (Simple Past Tense)	
		(2)	The moon is going round the earth. (Simple Present Tense)	
		(3)	I tried to phone her. (Present Continuous Tense)	
		(4)	I am meeting the manager this morning. (Present Perfect Tens	se).
		(5)	Tim is watching television all day. (Present Perfect Continuou	s Tense)
		(6)	He is regularly attending college. (Simple Present Tense)	
		(7)	His interest in science did not decrease. (Past Perfect Tense)	
		(8)	Mr. Patil teachers at B.A. level. (Present Continuous Tense)	
	(B)	Co	dals' given in brackets:	
				8
		(1)	I have your book? (may/can)	
		(2)	Tomorrow be a holiday. (shall/will)	
		(3)	You not worry about me. (need/would)	
		(4)	He not tell a lie before me. (dare/need)	

	•	(5) We to honour our parents.	. (shoule	l /ought)		
		(6) you like to have a ride?				
		(7) Prakash is a keen musician. He plays t			also play the pia (can/cou	
		(8) Amrita needs a change. She	go	away for a few da	ıys. (should/would)
3.	(A)	Fill in the blanks with correct prepositions:				6
		(1) Meet me the station.				
		(2) The plane flew the clouds	s.			
		(3) The results will be declared		clock		
		(4) I shall return a week.				
		(5) The dog was killed by the robber		a stick.		
		(6) He has lived here five y	ears.			
	(B)	Join the following pairs of sentences togeth	ner by m	eans of suitable co	onjunction:	5
		(1) He works hard. His brother is idle.				
		(2) He did not work hard. He did not su	cceed.			
		(3) He is ill. I know it.				
		(4) I went to the party. I missed my class	ses.			
		(5) He tried his best. He failed.				
	(C)	Complete the sentences using appropriate		5		
		(1) I shall be obliged if you grant me leave for a week. (very/much)				
		(2) This book is difficult for	me to u	nderstand. (too/ve	ry)	
		(3) He spoke loud to be hear	rd. (muc	h/enough)		
		(4) She is a girl of charming m	nanners	(so/much)		
		(5) The train come yesterda	y. (late/l	lately)		
4.	(A)	Insert commas, where necessary, in the following	lowing:			4
		(1) Friend help me to solve this sum.				
		(2) The sun having set we all came back	home.			
		(3) It was night now and therefore we w	alked b	ack home.		
		(4) He is always cool collected and prec	ise.			
	(B) Use any Four of the following verbal phases in sentences of your own:					8
		(1) to zoom in				
		(2) to shake off				
		(3) to put aside				
		(4) to make fun of				
		(5) to come to blows				
		(6) bag and baggage.				
	(C)) Choose the correct one word substitute for	r the fol	lowing:		4
		(1) Movements of stars and planets:				
		(a) aquarium	(b)	sanitarium		
		(c) planetarium	(d)	auditorium		

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	(2) A person knowing many languages:							
		(a)	polyglot			(b)	pseudonym	
		(c)	philaderer			(d)	veteran	
	(3)	One	One who knows and sees everything:					
		(a)	Omnivorous			(b)	Omniscient	
		(c)	Omnipresent			(d)	Omnipotent	
	(4)	Sci	entific study c	f birds:				
		(a)	oology			(b)	odontology	
		(c)	cytology			(d)	ornithology.	
Do as directed:							16	
(1)							s/were)	
(2)								
(3)	What (do) this word mean ? (use correct form of verb)							
(4)	The children made a lot of noise. (use past continuous tense and rewrite)							
(5)	(5) You missed a great party last night. You have come. (can/should)							
(6)	(6) He is good at telling funny (story/stories)							
(7)								
	Do (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	(2) (3) (4) Do as di (1) Eac (2) Poc (3) Wh (4) The (5) You (6) He	(2) A p (a) (c) (3) One (a) (c) (4) Scie (a) (c) Do as directe (1) Each of (2) Poetry is (3) What (4) The chil (5) You mis (6) He is go	(2) A person knowing (a) polyglot (c) philaderer (3) One who knows (a) Omnivorous (c) Omnipresent (4) Scientific study of (a) oology (c) cytology Do as directed: (1) Each of the two men (2) Poetry is (3) What (do (4) The children made a le (5) You missed a great page (6) He is good at telling for	(a) polyglot (c) philaderer (3) One who knows and sees ex (a) Omnivorous (c) Omnipresent (4) Scientific study of birds: (a) oology (c) cytology Do as directed: (1) Each of the two men (2) Poetry is silent pict (3) What (do) this word (4) The children made a lot of noise (5) You missed a great party last nig (6) He is good at telling funny	(2) A person knowing many languages: (a) polyglot (c) philaderer (3) One who knows and sees everything: (a) Omnivorous (c) Omnipresent (4) Scientific study of birds: (a) oology (c) cytology Do as directed: (1) Each of the two men arrested. (2) Poetry is silent picture. (use art given and silent picture.) (3) What (do) this word mean? (use art given and silent picture.) (4) The children made a lot of noise. (use past of given and silent picture.) (5) You missed a great party last night. You	(2) A person knowing many languages: (a) polyglot (b) (c) philaderer (d) (3) One who knows and sees everything: (a) Omnivorous (b) (c) Omnipresent (d) (4) Scientific study of birds: (a) oology (b) (c) cytology (d) Do as directed: (1) Each of the two men arrested. (was: (2) Poetry is silent picture. (use article) (3) What (do) this word mean? (use co) (4) The children made a lot of noise. (use past conting) (5) You missed a great party last night. You (6) He is good at telling funny (story/	(2) A person knowing many languages: (a) polyglot (b) pseudonym (c) philaderer (d) veteran (3) One who knows and sees everything: (a) Omnivorous (b) Omniscient (c) Omnipresent (d) Omnipotent (4) Scientific study of birds: (a) oology (b) odontology (c) cytology (d) ornithology. Do as directed: (1) Each of the two men arrested. (was/were) (2) Poetry is silent picture. (use article) (3) What (do) this word mean? (use correct form of verb) (4) The children made a lot of noise. (use past continuous tense and rewrite) (5) You missed a great party last night. You have come. (can/should) (6) He is good at telling funny (story/stories)

(8) Once in a blue moon. (frame the sentence using this idiomatic expression).

