B.E. Third Semester (Second Year) (Civil) (Part Time) (Annual Pattern) (CGS) Transportation Engineering - I: 3 CE 03

P. Pages: 2

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Max. Marks: 80

Notes: 1.

Time: Three Hours

- All question carry marks as indicated.
- 2. Answer three question from Section A and three question from Section B.
- 3. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions.
- 4. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
- Illustrate your answer necessary with the help of neat sketches. 5.
- Use of pen Blue/Black ink/refill only for writing the answer book. 6.

SECTION - A

1. What is the importance of Nagpur road plan in highway planning of our country? Explain 7 a) the plan formula.

Explain the desirable properties of aggregate to be used in different pavement construction. b)

6

OR

2. a) Discuss briefly the historical development of road construction. 7

Compare alternate bay and continuous bay method of cement concrete roads. b)

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3. Derive an expression for finding the super elevation. a)

7

- b) What are the factors on which the SSD depends? Determine the minimum non passing sight distance that should be provided for a vehicle coming down a 6% gradient. Given the following data:
 - i) Design speed = 65 kmph.
 - Reaction time of driver = $\frac{220}{50 + V}$ sec, V in kmph. ii)
 - iii) Coeff. of friction between tyre and road surface = 0.5

OR

4. How the length of summit curve is decided? Explain. a)

7

What is off - tracking? Calculate the extra width of pavement required on a horizontal curve 7 b) of radius 700 m on a two lane highway, the design speed being 80 kmph. Assume wheel base L = 6 m.

5. Compare Flexible and Rigid Pavements. a)

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b) Discuss the IRC recommendation for determining thickness of cement concrete pavements.

7

OR

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6.	a)	Enumerate the steps in the construction of water bound macadam roads.	6
	b)	Explain CBR method of pavement design and calculate the thickness of pavement from the following data: i) CBR value of subgrade soil = 8% ii) Wheel load = 3175 kg	7
		iii) Tyre pressure = $5 \text{ kg}/\text{cm}^2$.	
		SECTION - B	
7.	a)	What are the various uses of speed and delay studies? Explain how speed and delay studies are carried out.	7
	b)	Enumerate the various types of inter sections and the basic principle involved.	6
		OR	
8.	a)	What are different vehicular characteristics which affect the road design? Explain briefly.	7
	b)	What are the advantages and disadvantages of traffic signals?	6
9.	a)	Explain in brief recommended practice for site exploration and soil investigations for bridges.	7
	b)	What is economic span of bridge? Derive the expression for the economic span.	7
		OR	
10.	a)	Under what conditions a well foundation is suitable? Describe components of the same and operation involved in sinking of well foundation.	7
	b)	Discuss bearings in bridges, their purpose and types.	7
11.	a)	Explain briefly the Rational method for fixing the design discharge of a stream.	7
	b)	Give IRC recommendations for wind and impact loads for bridges.	6
		OR	
12.	a)	What is strengthening of bridge? What are the various methods of strengthening.	7
	b)	A bridge is proposed to be constructed across an alluvial stream carrying a discharge of $350 \mathrm{m}^3/\mathrm{sec}$. Assuming value of silt factor as 1.0, determine the maximum scour depth when the bridge consist of i) 2 spans of 40 m each ii) 3 spans of 30 m each	6

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