

**B.P.A.-II Semester-III Examination
COMPULSORY ENGLISH**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

1. Attempt any **two** of the following in **two to three** sentences :
 - (I) What does Swami Vivekananda claim was the most wonderful things to discover during his travels ?
 - (II) What do we get out of ignorance ?
 - (III) Why was the Happy Prince so admired ? 6
2. Attempt any **two** of the following in **150-200** words :
 - (I) Examine how Swami Vivekananda uses spirituality to depict the land and country of India. Support your answer with examples from the text.
 - (II) Narrate your own experiences of the pleasure derived from ignorance.
 - (III) What answer does the King receive to his questions from the learned man ? 10
3. Attempt any **two** of the following in **two to three** sentences :
 - (I) Explain the line 'Love's not Time's fool'.
 - (II) What is Shirley's attitude towards royalty in this excerpt ?
 - (III) What aspect of life troubles the poet in the poem Leisure ? 6
4. Attempt any **two** of the following in **150-200** words :
 - (I) 'Death is the greatest leveller'. Elaborate on how Shirley brings out the significance of this statement in the excerpt.
 - (II) To whom is the poem addressed ? Do you agree with the point of view expressed in the poem 'Leisure' ?
 - (III) 'Lawrence uses simple yet striking images to make his reader experience the same emotions he feels'. Do you agree with this statement ? List and explain the reasons for your answer. 10
5. (A) Identify and classify the main and subordinate clauses in the sentences :
 - (I) Good and evil are everywhere and the balance is wondrously even.
 - (II) The essay that you have read was discovered among Vivekananda's papers. 2(B) Identify and classify the clauses in the sentences given below :
 - (I) That there is pleasure in ignorance is an odd idea.
 - (II) The man who taught Mathematics was a severe man.
 - (III) He is little more than a beggar.
 - (IV) The King worked while the hermit rested. 4

(C) Do as directed :

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| (I) The King agrees with the answers. | (Make it negative) |
| (II) Let them speak. | (Make as a statement) |
| (III) Slow and steady win the race. | (Make a question) |
| (IV) I shall never forget you. | (Make it affirmative) |
| (V) He writes about his own experience. | (Make it a command) |

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(D) Transform the sentences as per the suggestion given in the bracket :

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| (I) He wrote a sonnet, a poem of fourteen lines. | (Compound sentence) |
| (II) It was raining, yet we went shopping. | (Simple sentence) |
| (III) The man who wrote this poem is Welsh. | (Simple sentence) |
| (IV) It has been ages since I saw you. | (Simple sentence) |
| (V) Janet is too weak to speak or move about. | (Complex sentence) |

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6. (A) Attempt any **two** of the following :

Complete the telephone conversations below with suitable lines spoken by the people answering the calls. Enact your dialogues with your partner.

(1) The phone rings in Ms. Samuel's home. Santosh takes the call.

Santosh : this is 2761271921

Caller : Is that Ms. Karuna Samuel's residence ?

Santosh : Yes..... speak to her ?

Caller : Yes, please.

Santosh : on a minute, please. I'll call her.

Caller :

(2) A :

B : Could I speak to Dr. Johnson, please.

A :

B : I'm Mini Anand from Advance Techno Solutions.

A :, ma'am. I'll

B : Thank you.

(3) A :

B : Hi ! Is that Sudha ? Mary here. Can I speak to Lata, please ?

A :

B : Sure, I'll hold the line. Thanks.

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- (B) Develop a dialogue between you and a stranger. You are new in a city and you want to seek help to find address to reach your destination. 8

7. Choose correct alternative :

- (I) What does the author think is common between all human beings and races ?
- (a) The capacity for evil
 - (b) The human heart and soul
 - (c) The capacity of goodness
 - (d) The tendency towards empire building
- (II) Who or what is Swami Vivekananda grateful for ?
- (a) He is grateful to India for giving birth to him
 - (b) He is grateful to his parents for giving him everything he ever wanted
 - (c) He is grateful to the West for opening their hearts, minds and homes to him
 - (d) He is not grateful for anything
- (III) According to Lynd, who cannot distinguish between the songs of cuckoos and thrushes ?
- (a) He himself
 - (b) Almost everyone
 - (c) About ten percent of the population
 - (d) No one
- (IV) How can ignorance give us pleasure ?
- (a) It gives us the pleasure of learning all our lives.
 - (b) It gives us pleasure of being utterly stupid.
 - (c) It allows us to not take responsibility for ourselves.
 - (d) It does not give us any pleasure
- (V) Where did the swallow want to go ?
- (a) Egypt
 - (b) Syria
 - (c) The Congo
 - (d) India
- (VI) Whom does the ruby go to ?
- (a) A seamstress
 - (b) A poor student
 - (c) A match girl
 - (d) No one
- (VII) Who come to answer the King's question ?
- (a) Everyone
 - (b) Learned men
 - (c) His enemies
 - (d) His friends

- (VIII) Why did one of them suggest you need magicians ?
- (a) Because only magicians know the future
 - (b) Because they are most trustworthy
 - (c) Because he wanted the job
 - (d) No one suggested magicians
- (IX) What does the poet not want to do ?
- (a) Believe that there is an obstacle to true love
 - (b) Describe love
 - (c) Talk about love
 - (d) Talk about Death
- (X) What is the poem Sonnet 116 about ?
- (a) True love
 - (b) Death
 - (c) Time
 - (d) Life
- (XI) Identify the figure of speech used in the line :
Death lays his icy hand on King.
- (a) Synonym
 - (b) Personification
 - (c) Alliteration
 - (d) Metonymy
- (XII) What do you think Shirley is referring to as 'the poor crooked scythe and spade' ?
- (a) Soldiers in war
 - (b) Monarchs
 - (c) Farmers and peasants
 - (d) Noble men
- (XIII) What question does the poet ask in the first line of the poem 'Leisure' ?
- (a) How are we so busy all the time ?
 - (b) What is the point of life if we cannot enjoy it ?
 - (c) How can we waste our time staring out of the window ?
 - (d) What is the purpose of life ?
- (XIV) What does the poet wish to do like sheep and cows ?
- (a) Stand beneath boughs
 - (b) Sleep beneath boughs
 - (c) Gaze meditatively
 - (d) Gaze peacefully
- (XV) What does the poet compare his baby to ?
- (a) A bee
 - (b) An innocent flower
 - (c) Tears
 - (d) An Angel
- (XVI) What is the tone of poem 'A Baby Asleep After Pain' ?
- (a) Excited
 - (b) Despairing
 - (c) Comic
 - (d) Anxious