AS-1389

B.Sc. (Part-I) Semester-II Examination ELECTRONICS

(Digital Electronics)

Time : T	hree	Hours]	[Maximum Marks: 80
N.B. :-	(1)	All questions carry equal marks.	•
	(2)	Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.	
1. (A)	Fill	in the blanks:	
	(i)	CMOS stands for	
	(ii)	A half adder has outputs.	
	(iii)	The base of a number system is also called as	•
	(iv)	MOD-5 counter requires no. of flip-flops.	. 2
(B)	Cho	ose correct alternative & rewrite the following:	
	(i)	PROM is memory.	,
		(a) Programmable (b) Read only	
		(c) Programmable read only (d) None	
	(ii)	To avoid race around condition flip flop is	used.
		(a) RS (b) JK	•
		(c) JKMS (d) none	
	(iii)	The base of octal number system is:	
		(a) 2 (b) 4	
		(c) 8 (d) 16	
	(iv)	1's complement of 0101 is:	
		(a) 1111 (b) 1100	
		(c) 1010 (d) None	2
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	(C)	Answer in one sentence :	
	(0)	(i) What is encoder?	
		(ii) What is Astable Multivibrator?	
		*	A
	EIT	(iv) What is ROM?	4
2.		Convert the following:	
4.	(a)	•	
		(i) $(1110.11)_2 = (x)_{10}$	
		(ii) $(031.1)_8 = (x)_{10}$	_
	d x	(iii) $(03FF)_{16} = (x)_{10}$	6
	(b)		6
	OR		
	(p)	Explain construction and working of 4-bit adder.	6
	(q)	Explain EX-OR and EX-NOR gates with truth table and give the logic equations of both	
	DITT	gates.	6
		HER	,
3.	(a)	Explain any three characteristics of Logic Families.	6
	(b)	Prove that:	
		(i) $(\overline{A} + \overline{B}) = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$	
		(ii) $(A \cdot B) = A + B$	6
	OR		
	(p)	Explain TTL NAND gate with suitable diagram.	6
	(q)	Explain the various types of grouping used in K.maps to reduce the logic gates.	6
	EIT	HER	
4.	(a)	Draw the logic diagram of RS-flip flop and explain its working. Draw truth table.	6
	(b)	Draw and explain construction and working of transistorized monostable multivibrator.	6
	OR		
	(p)	Draw and explain JKMS flip-flop.	6
	(q)	Explain JKFF. What is race around condition?	6
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EITHER

Э.	(a)	Explain the working of SISO shift register.	6
	(b)	Explain the working of ring counter with truth table.	6
	OR		
	(p)	Explain working of asynchronous up counter with suitable diagram and waveform.	6
	(q)	Explain SIPO shift register with truth table.	6
	EIT	HER	
6.	(a)	Explain 1:4 demultiplexer in detail.	6
	(b)	Draw and explain decimal to BCD encoder with suitable diagram.	6
	OR		
	(p)	Explain operation of BCD to decimal decoder.	6
	(q)	Explain operation of 4:1 multiplexer.	6
	EII	THER	
7.	(a)	State types of semiconductor memories. Explain any two types.	6
	(b)	Explain the concept of memory Hierarchy.	6
	OR		
	(p)	Explain primary and secondary memories.	6
	(a)	Explain volatile and non-volatile memories	6

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