AS-1379

# B.Sc. (Part—I) Semester—II Examination INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY (R/V)

Time	: Th	ree I	Hour	s]			[	Maximum Ma	rks : 80		
N.B.	:	(1)	Que	puestion No. 1 is compulsory and carries 8 marks.							
		(2)	Ren	naining all question	ns carry 12 ma	rk	s.				
		(3)	Giv	Give chemical equations and draw diagrams wherever necessary.							
		(4)	Use	of scientific calcula	ator is allowed						
1. (	A)	Fill	in the	e blanks :—							
		(i)	Phy	sical adsorption is o	caused by inter	n	nolecular force.	,			
		(ii)	non	is the unit oper-volatile solute and			es the concentration of t.	a solution con	sisting a		
		(iii)	The	solute rich product	of liquid-liqu	id	extraction is called as _	phase.			
		(iv)	In s	ize reduction, parti	cles of solids a	ar	e cut or broken into	pieces.	2		
(1	(B) Choose the correct alternative :										
		(i)	Milk is an example of:								
			(a)	Sol	(b)		Miscelles				
			(c)	Gel	(d)		Emulsion				
		(ii)	A pi	ropeller is an:	3						
			(a)	Axial flow, low sp	eed impeller						
			(b)	Radial flow, high s	peed impeller						
			(c)	Axial flow, high sp	eed impeller						
-			(d)	Radial flow, low sp	peed impeller						
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		(iii)	Wh	ich of the following state	ments wit	th respect to catalysis is no	t true ?
			(a)	A catalyst is specific in	its action		
			(b)	A catalyst is more effect	ive when	finely divided	
			(c)	Change in temperature	alters rate	of catalysis	
			(d)	A catalyst remains chan reaction	ged in ma	ass and chemical composit	ion at the end of the
		(iv)	Wh	ich one of the following is	s the mos	t effective washing techniq	ue in filter presses ?
			(a)	Simple washing	(b)	Thorough washing	
			(c)	Partial washing	(d)	Differential washing	2
	(C)	Ans	wer	in ONE sentence:			
		(i)	Stat	te Kick's law.			
		(ii)	Def	ine filtration			
		(iii)	Wh	at is catalyst deactivation	?		
-		(iv)	Wh	at do you mean by solubi	lity?		4
					UNIT-	-I	
2.	(A)	Disc	cuss s	single and multiple effect	evaporatio	on.	4
	(B)	Exp	lain l	Bubble cap plate with suit	able diagı	ram.	4
	(C)	Des	cribe	construction and working	g of agitat	ed film evaporator.	4
					OR		
3.	(P)	Exp	lain F	Plash distillation.			4
	(Q)	Give	e an a	account of simple or differ	ential dist	illation.	4
	(R)	Dra	w the	sketch of climbing film of	evaporato	r and explain it.	4
					UNIT—	II	
4.	(A)	Disc	euss į	packed column extractor.			4
	(B)	Wha	at do	you mean by single and n	nultistage	extraction? Explain.	4
	(C)	Des	cribe	percolation tank.			4
					OR		
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5.	(P)	Explain continuous countercurrent decantation.	4
	(Q)	Discuss the properties of a solvent to be used in liquid-liquid extraction.	4
	(R)	Describe construction and working of rotocel.	4
		UNIT—III	
6.	(A)	Explain the following:—	
		(i) Moisture content on wet and dry basis	
		(ii) Drying of porous solids.	6
	(B)	Give an account of Sweson-Walker crystalliser with its construction and working.	6
		OR	
7.	(P)	Discuss tray dryer with neat labelled diagram.	6
	(Q)	Describe construction and working of Oslo-Cooler crystalliser.	6
		UNIT—IV	
8.	(A)	What is Screening? Distinguish between ideal and actual screens.	4
	(B)	Give the characteristics of filter medium.	4
	(C)	Discuss jaw crusher.	4
		OR	
9.	(P)	Describe grizzly screen with diagram.	4
	(Q)	Give an account of rotary drum filter.	4
	(R)	Explain smooth roll crusher.	4
		UNIT—V	
10.	(A)	Explain turbine impellers with their types.	6
	(B)	Discuss the mixing of solids with liquids and explain banbury mixer.	6
		OR	
11.	(P)	Give an account of double arm Kneader (Kneading machine).	6
	(Q)	Describe ribbon blender with its diagram.	6
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#### UNIT-VI

12.	(A) Discuss any four properties of a catalyst.		4
	(B)	Explain with example :—	
		(i) Autocatalysis	
		(ii) Negative catalysis.	4
	(C)	Give the applications of gels and emulsions.	4
		OR	
13.	(P)	Explain the mechanism of adsorption.	4
	(Q)	Describe Langmuir adsorption isotherm.	4
	(R)	Give an account of adsorption theory of catalysis.	4