11.	(P)	State the p.m.f. of Poisson distribution with parameter λ. Also state and prove the additive or reproductive property of independent Poisson variates.	
	(Q)	Define hypergeometric distribution and obtain its mean and variance.	
12.	(A)	State the p.d.f. of continuous uniform distribution and obtain its m.g.f. 4	
	(B)	Define Gamma variate with parameter λ and obtain its mean.	
	(C)	State any four chief characteristics of normal distribution.	
		OR	
13.	(P)	State the p.d.f. of Beta distributions of first and second kind.	
	(Q)	State the p.d.f. of normal distribution and obtain its median.	
	(R)	Obtain the m.g.f. of exponential distribution and hence find its mean and variance. 4	

2S: STATISTICS							
Time—Three Hours] [Maximum Marks—80							
	Not	e:—ALL questions are compulsory.					
1. (A) Fill	in the blanks:					
	(i)	The qualitative characteristics are known as	;				
	(ii)	The probability curve of normal distribution is shaped.					
	(iii)	In Poisson distribution mean is to variance.					
	(iv)	For negative binomial distribution mean isthan variance.					
(B)	Cho	oose the correct alternatives: 2					
	(i)	For normal distribution $\beta_{i} =$					

B.Sc. (Part-I) Semester-II Examination

1.

(d) None of the above

(a) +3

(b) -3

(c) 0

AP-431

- (ii) The term regression was first introduced by
 - (a) Karl Pearson
 - (b) Bernoulli
 - (c) Sir Francis Galton
 - (d) R.A. Fisher
- (iii) The p.m.f. of discrete uniform distribution on n points $\{x_1, x_2, ..., x_n\}$ is _____.
 - (a) $P(x_i) = \frac{1}{n}$ (b) $P(x_i) = \frac{1}{n+1}$
 - (c) $P(x_i) = \frac{1}{n-1}$ (d) $P(x_i) = \frac{2}{n}$
- (iv) Attributes A and B are said to be independent if _____.
 - (a) $(AB) > \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$
 - (b) $(AB) < \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$
 - (c) $(AB) \neq \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$
 - (d) $(AB) = \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$

2

(Contd.)

- (Q) Explain independence of attributes. State the criteria for independence of two attributes A and B. 4
- (R) Examine the consistency of the following data: N = 1000 (A) = 600 (B) = 500 (AB) = 50The symbols having their usual meaning.
- 8. (A) Define discrete uniform distribution with parameter n. Obtain its mean.
 - (B) State the p.m.f. of negative binomial distribution and obtain its mean.
 - (C) Obtain the m.g.f. of binomial distribution having parameters (n, p) and hence obtain its mean. 4

OR

- (P) Define Bernoulli distribution and obtain its mean and variance.
 - (Q) State the p.m.f. of binomial distribution and obtain its cumulant generating function.
 - (R) Obtain the m.g.f. of negative binomial distribution and hence obtain its mean and variance.
- 10. (A) Obtain the cumulant generating function of Poisson distribution with parameter λ and show that all the cumulant are equal.
 - (B) Define Geometric distribution. Obtain its m.g.f. and hence find its mean and variance.

OR

UWO-42401 5 (Contd.)

UWO-42401

	(C)	Answer the following questions in one sentence:
		(i) What do you mean by Attribute?
		(ii) What do you mean by line of best fit?
		(iii) State the p.m.f. of binomial distribution.
		(iv) What is multiple correlation coefficient?
2.	(A)	What do you mean by positive, negative and perfect correlation?
	(B)	State and prove any two properties of regression coefficients.
	(C)	Obtain an equation of line of regression of Y on X
		OR
3.	(P)	What do you mean by regression? Why there are always two lines of regression?
	(Q)	Derive the formula for Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient.
	(R)	Define Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient and obtain its limits.
4.	(A)	Obtain the plane of regression of X_1 on X_2 and X_3
	(B)	Explain the term multiple correlation. State the properties of multiple correlation coefficient.
		OR
UW	O—424	101 3 (Contd.)

- 5. (P) Explain the concept of partial correlation. Obtain the formula for $r_{12,3}$.
 - (Q) Distinguish between partial and multiple correlation.Also show that:

$$1 - R_{1.23}^2 = (1 - r_{12}^2) (1 - r_{13.2}^2)$$

where notations have their usual meanings. 6

- 6. (A) Define:
 - Positive class
 - (ii) Negative class
 - (iii) Positive frequencies
 - (iv) Negative frequencies. 4
 - (B) Explain the term consistency of data and state the conditions for consistency of data for two attributes
 A and B.
 - (C) Obtain the relationship between coefficient of association (Q) and coefficient of colligation (Y).

4

4

OR

- (P) Define :
 - (i) Attribute
 - (ii) Dichotomous classification
 - (iii) Manifold classification
 - (iv) Order of the class.

UWO-42401 4 (Contd.)