AU-270

M.Sc. (Part-I) Semester-I (C.B.C.S. Scheme) Examination

BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Cell Biology)

		Paper—IBIBI				
Time : Three Hours] [Maximur			Marks: 100			
Note	e :	—(1) All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.				
		(2) Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary.				
Ι.	Atte	tempt the following:				
	(a)	Describe endosymbiant theory.	5			
	(b)	Define magnification and resolving power of a microscope. Discuss the factors which the resolving power.	ch determine 5			
	(c)	What are the fundamental properties that are shared by all cells?	5			
	(d)	Describe Oparin-Haldane hypothesis.	5			
		OR				
	(p)	Explain the Urey-Miller experiment and diagram the apparatus.	5			
	(q)	How does fluorescence microscopy provide an improvement over light microsc additional information can be obtained by using fluorescence microscopy?	copy ? What 5			
	(r)	Describe subcellular fractionation and their identification by density gradient cer	ntrifugation. 5			
	(s)	What are the factors which determine the size of cell.	5			
2.	Des	scribe the following:				
	(a)	What are second messengers? Explain with an example.	5			
	(b)	Quoram sensing.	5			
	(c)	Structure and function of Lysosome.	5			
	(d)	Role of microfilament in motility.	5			
OR						
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	(p)	Two-component signaling system in plant.	3
	(q)	Structure and function of Peroxisome.	5
	(r)	Treadinilling in microfilament.	5
	(s)	Role of GTPase switch in cell signalling.	5
3.		ne the four classes of ATP-powered pumps that produce active transport of ions and r icate which of these classes transport ions only and which transport primary small n	
		OR	
		which points in the cell cycle do checkpoint controls operate and how do the gression?	y preven 20
4.	Atte	empt the following:	
	(a)	How can a proto-oncogene be converted to oncogene?	5
	(b)	Explain the characteristics of transformed (cancer) cells.	5
	(c)	Describe regulatory steps of glycolysis.	5
	(d)	Explain C3 pathwary.	5
		OR	
	(p)	How does a penign tumor differ from the malignant tumor?	5
	(q)	How can the mutations in apoptosis inducers cause cancer?	5
	(r)	Explain regulatory steps in TCA.	5
	(s)	Describe the basic structure of the ALP synthase and the mechanism by which it synthesize ATP.	is able to 5
5.		lain in detail mode of transmission, characteristics of disease and the present the atitis.	rapies for 20
		OR	
	Dese	cribe in detail empryo sac development and double fertilization in plants	20